## Supplementary Information

## SAR-based approach to explore in silico ferrocene analogues as the potential inhibitors of major viral proteins of SARS-CoV-2 virus and human Ca<sup>2+</sup>-channel blocker

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| S. No. | Contents   |   |  |  |  |  |
|--------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1      | Table S1 — Grid Dimensions used in molecular docking of mutant spike protein of SARS-CoV-2.  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 2      | Fig. S1 — The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferroquine and the Mpro protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLN127, LYS5, ASP289, GLN288 residues.                               |   |  |  |  |  |
| 3      | Fig. S2 — The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferroquine and the N protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with ALA156, THR149, ILE75, VAL159, TRP53, ILE158 residues.                  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4      | Fig. S3 — The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferrocifen and the spike protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with TYR421, ASP30, VAL417, HIS34, ARG393 residues.                      | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| 5      | Fig. S4 — The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferrocifen and the RdRp protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all thenon-covalent interactions with GLU436, LYS7, MET3, LYS43, LYS438 and SER1 residues.                  | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 6      | Fig. S5 — The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferrocifen and the Mpro protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLN127, LYS137, LYS5 and ARG4 residues.                              | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 7      | Fig. S6 — The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferrocifen and the N protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with ASN76, SER79, THR77, PRO163, LEU168 and LYS5 residues.                  | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| 8      | Fig. S7 — The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 1 and the spike protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLN325, VAL417, ARG408, GLN409, ALA386, ALA387 and VAL503 residues. | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| 9      | Fig. S8 — The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between  | 7 |  |  |  |  |

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| Protein                     | Grid dimensions |     |     |         | Grid center |         |         |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|---------|-------------|---------|---------|
|                             | X               | Y   | Z   | Spacing | X           | Y       | Z       |
| Spike<br>protein            | 126             | 126 | 100 | 0.375   | 287.854     | 252.491 | 345.512 |
| RdRp<br>protein             | 126             | 80  | 100 | 0.375   | 103.434     | 97.322  | 112.476 |
| M <sub>pro</sub><br>protein | 126             | 126 | 126 | 0.375   | 11.554      | -0.133  | 5.627   |
| N protein                   | 126             | 126 | 126 | 0.675   | 12.76       | -12.033 | -24.877 |
| Ca<br>channel<br>protein    | 80              | 84  | 126 | 0.375   | 176.642     | 168.446 | 188.42  |



Fig. S1 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferroquine and the  $M_{pro}$  protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLN127, LYS5, ASP289, GLN288 residues.



(b)

(a)

Fig. S2 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferroquine and the N protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with ALA156, THR149, ILE75, VAL159, TRP53, ILE158 residues.



Fig. S3 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferrocifen and the spike protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with TYR421, ASP30, VAL417, HIS34, ARG393 residues.

4



Fig. S4 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferrocifen and the RdRp protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLU436, LYS7, MET3, LYS43, LYS438 and SER1 residues.



Fig. S5 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferrocifen and the M<sub>pro</sub> protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLN127, LYS137, LYS5 and ARG4 residues.



Fig. S6 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between ferrocifen and the N protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with ASN76, SER79, THR77, PRO163, LEU168 and LYS5 residues.



Fig. S7 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 1 and the spike protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLN325, VAL417, ARG408, GLN409, ALA386, ALA387 and VAL503 residues.



Fig. S8 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 1 and the RdRp protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLN815, SER814, ARG836, ASP865, LYS621, ILE548, LYS551, ALA550 and PRO620 residues.



Fig. S9 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 1 and the N protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLN164, LYS170, GLN164, LEU160, LEU162, LEU168 and PRO163 residues.



Fig. S10 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 2 and the spike protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with ASP405, ALA386, GLY354, ARG393, TYR505, ILE548, PRO620 and ALA386 residues.



Fig. S11 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 2 and the RdRp protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with LYS545, ASP623, ARG553 and ARG555 residues.



Fig. S12 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 2 and the N protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with LEU162, THR166, GLU137 and GLN161 residues.



Fig. S13 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 3 and the RdRp protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with THR801, GLU802, HIS810 and TRP800 residues.



Fig. S14 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 3 and the  $M_{pro}$  protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with LYS173, LEU287, MET276 and LEU272 residues.



Fig. S15 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 3 and the N protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLN71, GLN84, LEU160, LEU162 and LEU168 residues.



(a)

Fig. S16 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 4 and the spike protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the noncovalent interactions with HIS34, ASN33, LYS403 and LYS353 residues.



Fig. S17 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 4 and the RdRp protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the noncovalent interactions with LEU473, SER4, PHE440, PHE843, CYS8, LYS438, LYS7, LEU437 and SER1 residues.

11



Fig. S18 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 4 and the  $M_{pro}$  protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with LYS173, GLN71 and LEU5 residues.



Fig. S19 - The best dock pose exhibiting non-covalent interactions between compound 4 and the N protein of SARS-CoV-2. (b) Schematic representation of showing the all the non-covalent interactions with GLU137, THR166, PRO163 and LEU168 residues.